

Benefits Handbook Date September 1, 2012

# **Participating in Spending Accounts**

Marsh & McLennan Companies



## Participating in Spending Accounts

*This section explains which employees are eligible to participate in the Marsh & McLennan Companies Health Care Flexible Spending, Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending, Dependent Care Flexible Spending and Health Savings Account plans.*

*While you can use certain accounts to cover costs for certain dependents, your dependents do not enroll for or participate in these plans. See the description of each account for information on which dependents' expenses can be reimbursed by that account.*

### **“You, “Your,” and “Employee”**

As used throughout this section, “employee,” “you” and “your” always mean:

- For Marsh & McLennan Companies participants: a U.S. regular employee of Marsh & McLennan Companies or any subsidiary or affiliate of Marsh & McLennan Companies (other than Marsh & McLennan Agency LLC and any of its subsidiaries (MMA)).
- For MMA participants: a U.S. regular employee of Marsh & McLennan Agency – Corporate (MMA-Corporate), Houston, Woodard, Eason, Gentle, Tomforde, and Anderson, Inc. d/b/a Insurance Alliance (Insurance Alliance), Marsh & McLennan Agency LLC – Northeast (MMA-Northeast) or Marsh & McLennan Agency LLC – Alaska (MMA-Alaska).

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## Health Care Flexible Spending and Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts Eligibility Requirements

If you are an employee of Marsh & McLennan Companies or any subsidiary or affiliate of Marsh & McLennan Companies and you meet the requirements set forth below, you become eligible on your eligibility date.

You are not eligible for the Health Care Flexible Spending Account if you enroll in the Marsh & McLennan Companies Health Savings Account. You may, however, be eligible to participate in Marsh & McLennan Companies' Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Account, which is designed specifically for employees who participate in the Marsh & McLennan Companies Consumer Directed Health Plan and Health Savings Account.

In addition, you cannot be covered by another health care flexible spending account (e.g., through your spouse's employer) if you contribute to a health savings account in the same calendar year.

### ***Eligible Marsh & McLennan Companies Employees (other than MMA)***

You are eligible if you are an employee classified on payroll as a U.S. regular employee of Marsh & McLennan Companies or any subsidiary or affiliate of Marsh & McLennan Companies (other than MMA and any of its subsidiaries).

Individuals who are classified on payroll as temporary employees or who are compensated as independent contractors are not eligible to participate.

### ***Eligible MMA Employees***

You are eligible if you are an employee classified on payroll as a U.S. regular employee of MMA-Corporate, Insurance Alliance, MMA-Northeast or MMA-Alaska.

Individuals who are classified on payroll as temporary employees or who are compensated as independent contractors are not eligible to participate.

#### **Healthcare Spending Accounts**

If you contribute to a healthcare flexible spending account, you can use that account to cover eligible expenses for yourself and for dependents, *even if you do not enroll those dependents for coverage under the healthcare plans*. Note that the rules determining which dependents expenses can be reimbursed are different from the rules determining which dependents can be covered under the healthcare plans.

## Your Eligibility Date

Assuming that you meet the eligibility requirements for the Marsh & McLennan Companies spending accounts, the eligibility date is the date your participation may begin.

	<b>No Waiting Period</b>
<b>Marsh &amp; McLennan Companies (other than MMA)</b>	There is no waiting period if you are actively at work. Your eligibility date is the first day you are actively at work on or after your date of hire.
<b>MMA-Corporate, Insurance Alliance, MMA-Northeast or MMA-Alaska</b>	There is no waiting period if you are actively at work. Your eligibility date is the first day you are actively at work on or after your date of hire.

## Enrollment

You must enroll each plan year in order to participate. Once you decide how much to contribute, you can enroll by signing in to PeopleLink ([www.mmcpeoplelink.com](http://www.mmcpeoplelink.com)). Select the **Health** tab and under **Spending Accounts**, click **Health Care FSA or Limited Purpose HCFSA**. Then go to **Take Action** in the right navigation bar and select **Enroll, view, change benefits**. Once you make your selection for the year, you can't make any changes, unless you have a qualified family status change and then any changes must be due to, and consistent with, the qualified family status change.

You have to re-enroll each year. Elections you make during the Annual Enrollment period will take effect January 1 of the following year.

### ***When You Can Enroll***

You are eligible to enroll:

- within 30 days of the date you become eligible
- during Annual Enrollment.

### ***Mid-year enrollment***

If you are a new hire or become eligible during the year, you can enroll within 30 days of the date you become eligible. If you decide not to participate, you have to wait until the next Annual Enrollment period to join the Plan, unless you have a qualified family status change that is due to, and consistent with, the benefits coverage change.

### ***What qualified family status changes would permit a change to my spending accounts?***

The following are qualified family status changes that would permit a change in elections:

- acquiring a qualifying family member
- death of your spouse or qualifying family member

- divorce
- employment status change by you or your spouse (full-time to part-time or vice versa)
- loss of a qualifying family member's eligibility status
- marriage.

**Note:** The Company determines which specific IRS rules on qualified family status changes to adopt for the Plan (except where a right to change medical coverage is required by law). The Company's enrollment system is programmed to allow only those changes permitted for that particular event. See the *Life Events* section for information on qualified family status changes.

## **Taxes**

### ***Do I contribute to my spending accounts with before-tax or after-tax dollars?***

You contribute to your Health Care Flexible Spending and Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts with before-tax dollars, unless you are on leave of absence or long-term disability (in which case your contributions are made on an after-tax basis). This means that the money is deducted from your pay before federal, Social Security and most state and local income taxes are withheld.

By contributing on a before-tax basis, you reduce your taxable pay, and as a result, you lower the amount of taxes you pay.

### ***Do I contribute to my spending accounts with before-tax or after-tax dollars if I take an unpaid leave of absence?***

If you take an authorized unpaid leave of absence that is covered under the Family and Medical Leave Act, you may elect to continue your before-tax contributions to the Health Care Flexible Spending and Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts by prepaying them for the period of the leave through the current plan year (otherwise, you will pay for the contributions monthly on an after-tax basis). To prepay before-tax contributions, you must authorize a lump-sum payroll deduction prior to the start of the leave.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my benefits?***

None. Your annual base salary will be used to calculate salary-related benefits.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my paycheck?***

Contributing on a before-tax basis means that the amount you pay toward your the Health Care Flexible Spending and Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts comes out of your pay before federal, and in most cases, state and local taxes

are withheld, so you are paying taxes on a lower amount of salary. Your take-home pay is higher than it would be if you contributed on an after-tax basis.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my Social Security benefit?***

Your Social Security benefits may be slightly reduced because you pay for coverage on a before- tax basis. This is because your Social Security is based on your taxable pay (up to a specified annual maximum amount of earnings), and your taxable pay is reduced by the amount you contribute to your Health Care Flexible Spending and Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my W-2?***

Your contributions will not be included in your taxable gross earnings on your W-2 statement. This reduces your taxable pay and as a result, lowers the amount of taxes you pay.

### ***Can I claim my reimbursed expenses as a deduction on my tax return?***

No. If you are reimbursed for an eligible expense from your Health Care Flexible Spending or Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts you can not claim it as a deduction on your federal income tax return.

## **When Participation Starts**

Your participation will start on:

- your effective date of enrollment, if you enroll within 30 days of becoming eligible
- January 1 if you enroll during Annual Enrollment
- The date of your qualified family status change as long as you enroll within 30 days of the event, and as long as you experience a qualified family status change that allows you to begin participation.

Participation does not continue automatically from plan year to plan year; you have to enroll during the Annual Enrollment period.

Expenses incurred before your participation begins cannot be reimbursed.

## **When Participation Ends**

Your participation ends on the first of the following to occur:

- the date of your death
- the date the Plan is terminated
- the date you discontinue coverage

- the date you no longer meet the eligibility requirements
- the date you terminate employment
- the last date you have paid contributions if you do not make the required contributions.

Also, your participation in a particular health spending account may end on the date you enroll in another health spending account, if you are not eligible to be enrolled in both.

If your participation ends during the year, you can be reimbursed for expenses you incur before your participation ends.

## **Continuing Participation**

You can continue coverage under Health Care Flexible Spending and Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Accounts through COBRA for the remainder of the calendar year if you experience a COBRA qualifying event and register your event within the legally allowable time frame.

If you continue participation through COBRA, you will make your contributions on an after-tax basis. Since the tax advantage of participating may no longer exist, you should consider talking to a professional tax advisor before you decide to continue participation under COBRA.

## **Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account Eligibility Requirements**

If you are an employee of Marsh & McLennan Companies or any subsidiary or affiliate of Marsh & McLennan Companies and you meet the requirements set forth below, you become eligible on your eligibility date.

You may participate if you pay someone to care for your qualifying family members.

### ***Eligible Marsh & McLennan Companies Employees (other than MMA)***

You are eligible if you are an employee classified on payroll as a U.S. regular employee of Marsh & McLennan Companies or any subsidiary or affiliate of Marsh & McLennan Companies (other than MMA and any of its subsidiaries).

Individuals who are classified on payroll as temporary employees or who are compensated as independent contractors are not eligible to participate.

### ***Eligible MMA Employees***

You are eligible if you are an employee classified on payroll as a U.S. regular employee of MMA-Corporate, Insurance Alliance, MMA-Northeast or MMA-Alaska.

Individuals who are classified on payroll as temporary employees or who are compensated as independent contractors are not eligible to participate.



## Your Eligibility Date

Assuming that you meet the eligibility requirements for the Marsh & McLennan Companies Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account, the eligibility date is the date your participation may begin.

	<b>No Waiting Period</b>
<b>Marsh &amp; McLennan Companies (other MMA)</b>	There is no waiting period if you are actively at work. Your eligibility date is the first day you are actively at work on or after your date of hire.
<b>MMA-Corporate, Insurance Alliance, MMA-Northeast or MMA-Alaska</b>	There is no waiting period if you are actively at work. Your eligibility date is the first day you are actively at work on or after your date of hire.

## Enrollment

You must enroll each plan year in order to participate. Once you decide how much to contribute, you can enroll by signing in to PeopleLink ([www.mmcpeoplelink.com](http://www.mmcpeoplelink.com)). Select the **Health** tab and under **Spending Accounts**, click **Dependent Care FSA**. Then go to **Take Action** in the right navigation bar and select **Enroll, view, change benefits**. Once you make your selection for the year, you can't make any changes, unless you have a qualified family status change and then any changes must be due to, and consistent with, the qualified family status change.

You have to re-enroll each year. Elections you make during the Annual Enrollment period will take effect January 1 of the following year.

### ***When You Can Enroll***

You are eligible to enroll:

- within 30 days of the date you become eligible
- during Annual Enrollment.

### ***Mid-year enrollment***

If you are a new hire or become eligible during the year, you can enroll within 30 days of the date you become eligible. If you decide not to participate, you have to wait until the next Annual Enrollment period to join the Plan, unless you have a qualified family status change that is due to, and consistent with, the benefits coverage change.

### ***What qualified family status changes would permit a change to my Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account?***

The following are qualified family status changes that would permit a change in elections:

- acquiring a qualifying family member

- death of your spouse or qualifying family member
- divorce
- employment status change by you or your spouse (full-time to part-time or vice versa)
- loss of a qualifying family member's eligibility status
- marriage
- your dependent care provider (e.g., child's day-care provider) or eligible expense changes during the year.

**Note:** The Company determines which specific IRS rules on qualified family status changes to adopt for the Plan (except where a right to change medical coverage is required by law). The Company's enrollment system is programmed to allow only those changes permitted for that particular event. See the Life Events section for information on qualified family status changes.

## **Taxes**

### ***Do I contribute to my Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account with before-tax or after-tax dollars?***

You contribute to your Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account with before-tax dollars, unless you are on leave of absence or long-term disability (in which case your contributions are made on an after-tax basis). This means that the money is deducted from your pay before federal, Social Security and most state and local income taxes are withheld.

**Note:** Your before-tax contributions cease while you are on unpaid leave. If you return to active employment in the same calendar year, your before-tax contributions will resume.

By contributing on a before-tax basis, you reduce your taxable pay, and as a result, you lower the amount of taxes you pay.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my benefits?***

None. Your annual base salary will be used to calculate salary-related benefits.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my paycheck?***

Contributing on a before-tax basis means that the amount you pay toward your the Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account comes out of your pay before federal, and in most cases, state and local taxes are withheld, so you are paying taxes on a lower amount of salary. Your take-home pay is higher than it would be if you contributed on an after-tax basis.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my Social Security benefit?***

Your Social Security benefits may be slightly reduced because you pay for coverage on a before-tax basis. This is because your Social Security is based on your taxable pay (up to a specified annual maximum amount of earnings), and your taxable pay is reduced by the amount you contribute to your Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my W-2?***

Your contributions will not be included in your taxable gross earnings on your W-2 statement. This reduces your taxable pay and as a result, lowers the amount of taxes you pay. However, the Company must report on your W-2 Form any before-tax salary amounts you contribute to the Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account for the Plan year.

You must file the name, address, and taxpayer I.D. or Social Security number of your dependent care provider with your federal tax returns.

## **When Participation Starts**

Your participation will start on:

- your effective date of enrollment, if you enroll within 30 days of becoming eligible
- January 1 if you enroll during Annual Enrollment
- The date of your qualified family status change as long as you enroll within 30 days of the event, and as long as you experience a qualified family status change that allows you to begin participation.

Participation does not continue automatically from plan year to plan year; you have to enroll during the Annual Enrollment period.

Expenses incurred before your participation begins cannot be reimbursed.

## **When Participation Ends**

Your participation ends on the first of the following to occur:

- the date of your death
- the date the Plan is terminated
- the date you discontinue coverage
- the date you no longer meet the eligibility requirements
- the date you terminate employment

- the date you cease to have any qualifying family members
- the last date you have paid contributions if you do not make the required contributions.

If your participation ends during the year, you can be reimbursed for expenses you incur before your participation ends.

## **Continuing Participation**

You can not continue to participate through COBRA. If your participation ends during the year, you can be reimbursed for eligible expenses you incur before your participation ends.

## **Health Savings Account**

### **Eligibility Requirements**

If you are an employee of Marsh & McLennan Companies or any subsidiary or affiliate of Marsh & McLennan Companies and you meet the requirements set forth below, you become eligible on your eligibility date.

In order to establish and contribute to the Health Savings Account, you must:

- be enrolled in the Marsh & McLennan Companies Consumer Directed Health Plan,
- not be covered by other health insurance (this rule does not apply to specific injury insurance and accident, disability, dental care, vision care, or long-term care),
- not be deemed eligible for Medicare, and
- not be claimed as a dependent on someone else's tax return.

Therefore you cannot elect the Health Savings Account if you or a family member participates in a traditional Health Care Flexible Spending Account, you are enrolled in Medicare, or have other non-high-deductible health plan coverage (such as through your spouse's employer plan). You may, however, be eligible to participate in Marsh & McLennan Companies' Limited Purpose Health Care Flexible Spending Account, which is designed specifically for employees who participate in the Marsh & McLennan Companies Consumer Directed Health Plan and Health Savings Account.

### ***Eligible Marsh & McLennan Companies Employees (other than MMA)***

You are eligible if you are an employee classified on payroll as a U.S. regular employee of Marsh & McLennan Companies or any subsidiary or affiliate of Marsh & McLennan Companies (other than MMA and any of its subsidiaries).

Individuals who are classified on payroll as temporary employees or who are compensated as independent contractors are not eligible to participate.

### ***Eligible MMA Employees***

You are eligible if you are an employee classified on payroll as a U.S. regular employee of MMA-Corporate, Insurance Alliance, MMA-Northeast or MMA-Alaska.

Individuals who are classified on payroll as temporary employees or who are compensated as independent contractors are not eligible to participate.

### **Your Eligibility Date**

Assuming that you meet the eligibility requirements for the Marsh & McLennan Companies Health Savings Account, the eligibility date is the date your participation may begin.

	<b>No Waiting Period</b>	<b>30 Day Waiting Period</b>
<b>Marsh &amp; McLennan Companies (other than Marsh or MMA)</b>	There is no waiting period if you are actively at work. Your eligibility date is the first day you are actively at work on or after your date of hire.	
<b>Marsh</b>		There is a 30-day waiting period for the Health Savings Account after your date of hire. Your eligibility date is the 31 <sup>st</sup> calendar day from your date of hire (the date your active work status began). For example, if you began your active work status on your date of hire on August 1 <sup>st</sup> , your eligibility date is August 31 <sup>st</sup> .
<b>MMA-Corporate, Insurance Alliance, MMA-Northeast or MMA-Alaska</b>		There is a 30-day waiting period for the Health Savings Account after your date of hire. Your eligibility date is the 31 <sup>st</sup> calendar day from your date of hire (the date your active work status began). For example, if you began your active work status on your date of hire on August 1 <sup>st</sup> , your eligibility date is August 31 <sup>st</sup> .

## Enrollment

You must enroll each plan year in order to participate. Once you decide how much to contribute, you can enroll by signing in to PeopleLink ([www.mmcpeoplelink.com](http://www.mmcpeoplelink.com)). Select the **Health** tab and under **Spending Accounts**, click **Health Savings Account**. Then go to **Take Action** in the right navigation bar and select **Enroll, view, change benefits**.

You have to re-enroll each year. Elections you make during the Annual Enrollment period will take effect January 1 of the following year.

### ***When You Can Enroll***

You are eligible to establish a Health Savings Account anytime during the plan year if you are enrolled in the Marsh & McLennan Companies Consumer Directed Health Plan. Your contributions begin on the first of the month coincident with or following the date you establish the Health Savings Account. Your contributions will be prorated based on the number of full months remaining in the calendar year and your level of coverage under the Marsh & McLennan Companies Consumer Directed Health Plan.

You also have the opportunity to establish a Health Savings Account during Annual Enrollment for the coming year.

## Taxes

### ***Do I contribute to my Health Savings Account with before-tax or after-tax dollars?***

You contribute to your Health Savings Account with before-tax dollars. This means that the money is deducted from your pay before federal, Social Security and most state and local income taxes are withheld.

By contributing on a before-tax basis, you reduce your taxable pay, and as a result, you lower the amount of taxes you pay.

**Note:** If you take an authorized unpaid leave of absence that is covered under the Family and Medical Leave Act, you may elect to continue your before-tax contributions to your account by prepaying them for the period of the leave through the current plan year (otherwise, your contributions will be adjusted automatically when you return from leave so that you reach your annual contribution amount.) To prepay before-tax contributions, you must authorize a lump-sum payroll deduction prior to the start of the leave.

If you are age 55 and above and elect to make catch-up contributions, your contributions are made with after-tax dollars. However, your contributions may be taken as a deduction on your tax return.

### ***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my benefits?***

None. Your annual base salary will be used to calculate salary-related benefits.

***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my paycheck?***

Making before-tax contributions to your Health Savings Account means that the amount you contribute toward your Health Savings Account is determined before taxes are withheld, so you are paying taxes on a lower amount of salary. Your take-home pay is higher than it would be if you paid for your coverage on an after-tax basis.

***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my Social Security benefit?***

Depending on your salary, your Social Security benefits may be lower. This is because your Social Security is based on your taxable pay (up to a specified annual maximum amount of earnings), and your taxable pay is reduced by the amount you contribute to the Health Savings Account.

***What effect does contributing on a before-tax basis have on my W-2?***

Your contributions won't be included in your taxable gross earnings on your W-2 statement. This reduces your taxable pay for federal purposes and as a result, lowers the amount of federal taxes your pay.

***Can I claim my expenses paid by the Health Savings Account as a deduction on my tax return?***

No. If you receive tax-free withdrawals from the Health Savings Account, you cannot claim those expenses as a deduction on your federal income tax return.

***Does the additional 20% tax apply to my Health Savings Account withdrawals for nonqualified medical expenses if I am disabled?***

No. The 20% additional tax generally applies if a withdrawal is not used for qualified medical expenses does not apply when you are disabled. However, the amount of the withdrawal will be included in your taxable income and subject to federal, state and local taxes as applicable.

***Does the additional 20% tax apply to my Health Savings Account withdrawals for nonqualified medical expenses if I am age 65 or over?***

No. The 20% additional tax generally applies if a withdrawal is not used for qualified medical expenses does not apply when you are at least age 65. However, the amount of the withdrawal will be included in your taxable income and subject to federal, state and local taxes as applicable.

## When Contributions Start

Your contributions will start on:

- The first of the month coincident with or following your effective date of enrollment as long as you are actively employed. Your contributions will be prorated based on the number of full months remaining in the calendar year and your level of coverage under the Marsh & McLennan Companies Consumer Directed Health Plan.
- January 1 if you enroll during Annual Enrollment (delayed until the first pay check after April 1 if you participated in a traditional Health Care Flexible Spending Account in the prior year.)

Participation does not continue automatically from plan year to plan year; you have to enroll during the Annual Enrollment period.

Expenses incurred before your participation begins cannot be reimbursed.

## When Contributions End

Your before-tax contributions end on the first of the following to occur:

- The date you no longer meet the eligibility requirements
- The date you terminate employment
- The date of your death
- The date the Plan is terminated.

## Continuing Participation

If you meet the tax requirements to contribute to the Health Savings Account (by electing COBRA for the Marsh & McLennan Companies Consumer Directed Health Plan or having other high-deductible health plan coverage) you can make Health Savings Account contributions on an after-tax basis directly to the Health Savings Account Administrator. (You may be entitled to a tax deduction for these after-tax contributions.)